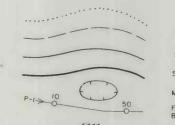
OPEN FILE REPORT 78-558C DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
DIVISION OF GEOLOGICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL SURVEYS ALASKA
1:250,000 AEROMAGNETIC SERIES 147° 00' 63° 00' 26 24a 15a 25 33 149°00' EXPLANATION SCALE 1:250,000 Line separating aeromagnetically TALKEETNA MTS., ALASKA AEROMAGNETIC MAP OF THE TALKEETNA MOUNTAINS dissimilar northwestern and AEROMAGNETIC SERIES southeastern portions of the quadrangle. 500 GAMMA CONTOUR



MAGNETIC LOW

REGIONAL FIELD REMOVED. THE FIELD INCREASES APPROXIMATELY 5.4 GAMMAS/MILE, N 47° E

APPROXIMATE FIELD INCLINATION. +75.50

FLIGHT ALTITUDE NOMINALLY 1000 FEET ABOVE GROUND REGIONAL MAGNETIC FIELD SHEET CENTER 56,226 GAMMAS

Magnetic anomaly or anomaly pattern area discussed in text.

QUADRANGLE, ALASKA

BY

STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
DIVISION OF GEOLOGICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL SURVEYS



The magnetic contours shown on this map represent the total anomolous magnetic field of the earth Variations in this field are caused by the variable magnetic character of rock units crossed by the survey flights, and hence, can be used to estimate the apparent location of rocks rich in magnetic minerals. Such rock units may be either at the surface of the ground or buried beneath it. Anomalies show both positive and negative variations depending on the shape, attitude, and constituents of local rocks. Geophysical interpretation will be helpful in determining boundaries or depth of burial of anomaly-causing rock units. Some anomalies may be impossible to interpret without further geologic information. Basic profile data is retained at the Division of Geological and Geophysical Surveys and should be consulted for detailed analysis.

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